What's next for Brexit

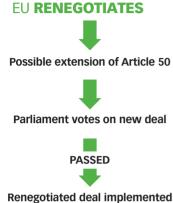
After two long years of negotiations, British Prime Minister Theresa May suffered a thumping defeat in Parliament as her Brexit divorce deal was shot down by MPs. This was the heaviest parliamentary defeat by a sitting UK government. The UK is in crisis with just ten weeks to go before the March 29 deadline to exit the European Union. So where does the UK go now? Here are five plausible options:

NO DEAL BREXIT

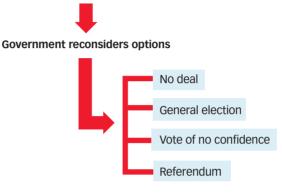
■ Crashing out of the European Union (EU) on March 29 without a deal has been billed as the doomsday scenario that could trigger a recession in Britain and slow Europe's growth.

Possible disruptions within Britain include severe delays at the country's ports, higher tariffs on goods and a shortage of medicine.

RENEGOTIATE BREXIT DEAL







The government would have to seek major changes to the deal if it wants the terms approved by MPs. This will require time, and a

possible extension to

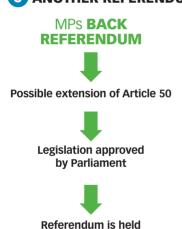
the March 29 Brexit date. The EU had

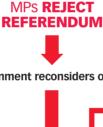
indicated it will not re-enter negotiations; if it stands firm, the

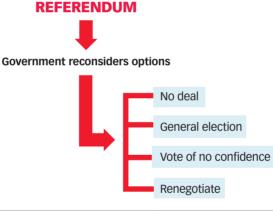
government will have to pursue other

options.

ANOTHER REFERENDUM

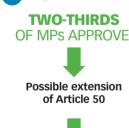




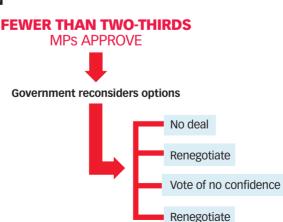


The government could go back to the people and hold another referendum on whether Britain should exit the EU. This could prove as divisive as the first referendum in 2016, when 52 per cent voted Leave. It will require an extension of Article 50. which has set the March 29 deadline. and MPs' approval.

4 A GENERAL ELECTION







push the Brexit deal through Parliament. A two-thirds majority, however, is needed to support the early election.

PM Theresa May

an early election may secure her the simple majority of 320 MPs needed to

could decide

OTHER POSSIBILITIES

General election

■ Britain can unilaterally revoke Article 50 and cancel Brexit

Mrs May resigns. This could mean a new PM or even a change of government